The Inferring Method of the large scale regulatory network for omics studies

Asako Komori¹ a-komori@brs.kyushu-u.ac.jp Yukihiro Maki² ykhrmaki@tos.bbiq.jp

Isao Ono³ isao@dis.titech.ac.jp Masahiro Okamoto^{1, 2} okahon@brs.kyushu-u.ac.jp

- ¹ Department of Bioinformatics, Graduate School of Systems Life Sciences, Kyushu University West-wing 804, 3-1-1, Maidashi, Higashi-ku, Fukuoka 812-8582, Japan
- ² Synthetic Systems Biology Research Center, Kyushu University, Westwing 812, 3-1-1 Maidashi, Higashi-ku, Fukuoka 812-8582, Japan
- ³ Graduate School of Computational Intelligence and Systems Science, Tokyo Institute of Technology, G5-8, 4259, Nagatsuta, Midori-ku, Yokohama, Kanagawa 226-8503, Japan

Keywords: Inverse problem, S-system, System identification, Real-coded genetic algorithms

Recent advances in measurement techniques have provided a large number of time series data simultaneously. These data are important for understanding complex systems such as gene regulatory networks and metabolic pathways required to infer networks. We have proposed an efficient inferred method, the hybrid method, for such problems using S-system, the real-coded genetic algorism (RCGA) along with adaptive real-coded ensemble crossover (AREX) combined with the just generation gap (JGG) and the modified Powell method. At this present, we have succeeded in optimizing more than 270 real-valued parameters using this method. Although the hybrid method is powerful compared with conventional numerical optimization methods, it is still insufficient for inferring large networks with more than 10 components. In this study, we attempted to infer the 30 components network, which requires optimizing more than 900 parameters, by applying our improved inferring method.

- [1] Savageau, M. A., Biochemical Systems Analysis: A Study of Function and Design in Molecular Biology, Addison-Wesley, 1976.
- [2] Akimoto, Y., Nagata, Y., Sakuma, J., Ono, I., Kobayashi, S., Proposal and Evaluation of Adaptive Real-coded Crossover AREX. *Journal of Japanese Society for Arti-ficial Intelligence*, 24(6): 446-458, 2009.
- [3] Powell, M.J.D., An Iterative Method for Finding Stationary Values of a Function of Several Variables. *The Computer Journal*, 5: 147-151, 1962.
- [4] Komori, A., Maki, Y., Nakatsui, M., Ono, I., and Okamoto, M., Efficient Numerical Optimization Algorithm Based on New Real-Coded Genetic Algorithm, AREX + JGG, and Application to the Inverse Problem in Systems Biology. *Applied Mathematics*, 3(10A): 1463-1470, 2012.